<u> The Beginner's Page – 13</u>

This week, let's have a summary of how opener should bid balanced hands. We have already seen that an opening 1NT is 15-17 points. So first of all, let's clarify what we do when our balanced hand is outside this range: -

open 1 of a suit and rebid NT at the lowest level.
open 1NT
open 1 of a suit and jump rebid in NT.
open 2NT
open 2. and rebid 2NT

..... there are various schemes as to what to do with more than 24 points. In simple Standard American you open 2. and then jump to an appropriate number of NT's. All of today's hands are balanced and will normally open or rebid in NT: -

Hand 1	Hand 2	Hand 3	Hand 4	Hand 5
♠ Q65	♠ Q65	▲ Q65	▲ K98	▲ KJ9
♥ J105	💘 KJ5	♥ AQ5	♥ AQ10	♥ AQ10
♦ A875	♦ A875	♦ AJ75	♦ AK75	♦ AKJ5
♣ AQ7				

- 14 points. Open 1 ♦. If partner bids 1♥ or 1▲ then your rebid is 1NT. If partner bids 1NT or 2♦ (6-9) then you pass. If partner bids 2♣ then your rebid is 2NT this still shows 12-14 points, it is partner who has pushed the bidding up to the two level and he has a good hand (a *good* 10 or more points, usually 11+).
- 2. 16 points. So open 1NT.
- 3. 19 points. Too good for a 1NT opener but not good enough for 2NT. So with this hand you open 1 ♦ and then jump in NT. Thus if partner bids 1 ♥ or 1 ▲ then your rebid is 2NT. If partner bids 1NT or 2 ♦ (6-9) then you raise to 3NT. If partner bids 2 ♣ then your rebid is a jump in NT, so 3NT.
- 4. 22 points. Open 2NT.
- 5. 24 points. Open 2♣ and rebid 2NT over partner's 2♦ response.

A couple of points to note. With 12-14 points we rebid 1NT, but if partner has replied at the 2 level, then the rebid is 2NT. And what do we do if partner replies 1NT or $2 \diamond$ (our suit)? With 12-14 points we pass, with 18 points we rebid 2NT and with 19 points we rebid 3NT.

	Your rebid if partner responds at the 1 level Your rebid if partner responds at the 2 level		Your rebid if partner responds 1NT or 2♦
12-14 points 1NT		2NT	pass
18 points	18 points 2NT		2NT
19 points 2NT		3NT	3NT

And there is one very important point concerning the NT rebids - and that is when the opponents intervene. Consider these two sequences (playing a strong NT): -

Sequence A:

West 1♦ 2NT	North pass	East 2♣	South pass			
Sequence	<u>B</u> :					
West 1♦ 2NT	North pass	East 1 ♠	South 2♣			
Sequence C:						
West 1♥ 2NT	North 2♣	East 2♦	South pass			
Sequence B: But here it's differ 1NT (if you had 1 18-19 points. If S forced to bid as p Sequence C: This is again differ level (thus promis		here it's di Γ (if you ha 19 points.] ed to bid a is again di l (thus pror	eapest NT bid and promises just 12-14 points. fferent. It is not partner but RHO who has prevented you from rebidding d 12-14 points). So 2NT here is the same as if RHO were silent, i.e. If South has a balanced 12-14 points then he should pass, he is not s partner gets another go. fferent. There has been a 2 level overcall but partner has bid at the two mising 11+ points) and 2NT here is again 12-14. West cannot pass with here as partner does not get another go. Note that some players play			
			bids', but that is best left to experienced pairs and the $2 \blacklozenge$ bid here			