Pattaya bridge Club News-sheets 2006 Index

News-sheet No.

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166
       Don't draw trumps if you need ruffs.
       The Dummy Reversal.
       Talking Garbage – the sequence 1NT - 2♣ - 2♦ - 2\checkmark/♠ is not alertable.
       Sandwich NoTrump – 1NT can be the UNT if between two bidding opponents.
        What's alertable? Some club rules and what's alertable at this club.
       A nice pre-empt – take suit 'body' and vulnerability into account.
       An Inverted Minor – with $953 ♥104 ♦A98 $QJ1098 raise 1$ to 3$.
       Garbage Stayman – with ♠A982 ♥O108 ♦76432 ♣7 bid 2♣ over partner's 1NT.
       A nice negative double sequence – ♠A ♥J85432 ♦987 ♣653: 1♦ 2♠(overcall) dbl.
       Passed out twice – ♠75 ♥AJ86 ♦Q105 ♣AQ97 (5NT is making).
       A forcing pass –if your side open 2♣ and the opponents intervene, then pass is forcing.
       Not a 2♣ opener? ♠K ♥AJ7653 ♦AK10 ♣AQ7 is not worth 2♣ followed by a ♥ bid.
       Adjusted scores – if you play a hand with 14 cards you will score zero
167
       A 'Short' ♣ – or a psyche? Don't open 1♣ with ♠K1062 ♥AJ5 ♦AJ984 ♣10
        'Afraid' of the 'short' ♣? In response to 4th suit show a stopper with NT rather than ♣ length.
       Can I rebid a 5 card major? – sometimes.
        1♣ - 1♠ - 3♥, 3♥ is a splinter agreeing ♠'s, is it game forcing or not?
       Total Garbage – don't bid Staymam with ♠Q9 ♥AJ32 ♦10652 ♣962
       2 \clubsuit - 2 \spadesuit - 3 \spadesuit , 3 \spadesuit is a solid suit. It sets trumps and asks partner to cue bid.
       Partner opens 1♣ and RHO overcalls 1♠. You have ♠AQJ84 ♥1054 ♦852 ♣32 – pass!
168
       With a stop in the opponent's suit, bid No Trump!
       Balancing. 1♣ pass pass to you with – ♠Q64 ♥J964 ♦AQ10 ♣1076
169
       Obey the Law – raise partner's 2♥ opening to 4♥ with $J64 ♥10873 $A432 $Q4
        Who should bid 4♠? 1♠ - 1NT - 3♠ - ? with ♠A5 ♥9732 ♦J54 ♣A543
       Pass partner's 1♠ with a singleton? - ♠5 ♥97532 ♦1093 ♣A762
       The problems with the sequence 1 - 1NT - 2NT (and how to avoid them).
       RONF – A raise to the three level of partner's weak 2 \checkmark / 4 is weak.
       Overcall a 1♥ opening with 1NT holding ♠KQ54 ♥QJ5 ♦AQJ73 ♣3 – I like it.
        'Afraid' of partner's 'short' ♣? ♠K6 ♥98 ♦AQ843 ♣10984 – p, p, 1♣, 2♥, ?
       Rebid a 5 card suit? ♠AKQJ8 is certainly rebidable.
170
       Go for the penalty - playing negative doubles pass and partner will double.
       Don't bid your hand 3 times – with ♠95 ♥AJ652 ♦84 ♣AK94 overcall 1♥ then pass.
       Double of 1♠ shows ♥'s. Do not double 1♠ with ♠42 ♥5 ♦AK652 ♣AKQ95
       Hold up – three examples of hold up play (by declarer and defender).
        When partner does not re-open with a double -1 \triangleq dbl pass pass 3 \triangleq is a very big hand.
       Respond up-the-line or Walsh? 1♣ - 1♦ - 2NT may be a problem if you don't play Walsh.
        Which slam – with 30 points and a 5-4 \bullet fit, think about 6\bullet (not 6NT).
        Which slam -1 \checkmark -1 \spadesuit -4 \checkmark is a huge hand. It is not shut-out or fast arrival.
       No need to think – if you have a signalling system. HELD or upside down attitude.
171
       Open 1NT with a 5 card major? pt 1 − ♠AK954 ♥K43 ♦AQ6 ♣J3
       Which slam? pt 1 - \text{with just } 30 \text{ pts a } 5-4 \bullet \text{ fit is better than } 6\text{NT}.
       Which slam? pt 2 - 1 \checkmark - 1 4 \checkmark shows a huge hand.
       With a long minor – ♣ AQJ109763 – think (or get partner to think) 3NT.
       The automatic re-opening double - 1♠ 2♥ pass pass? with ♠Q109853 ♥42 ♦J10 ♣AKQ.
       A 2♣ opener? With ♠AQ10965 ♥- ♦- ♣KQ109873 what do you open?
       Respond to 2NT? Partner opens 2NT and you have ♠983 ♥J1075 ♦Q9874 ♣5.
       Open 1NT with a 5 card major? pt 2 – ♠J8 ♥AQJ53 ♦QJ4 ♣A83.
       What sort of jump shift? - A7 \lor K104 \lor KJ654Q6 \lor K92 is not worth 2 \lor opposite 1 \diamondsuit.
172
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Bid 3NT opposite a (1♥) 1NT overcall with ♠Q98 ♥7 ♦107 ♣AQJ964.
        What's Standard? – Look it up at www.audreygrant.com.
        Spot the sensible bidder – two players biding 3 card ♦ suits!
        The sequence 1 - 1 \cdot. Can 1 \cdot be 3 card? Is it alertable?
        A splinter? Part 1 - 1NT - 2 \checkmark - 2 \spadesuit - 4 \spadesuit?
        A splinter? Part 2 - 1 \clubsuit - 1 \blacktriangledown - 3 \spadesuit with \spadesuit 4 \blacktriangledown AKQ2 \spadesuit J52 \clubsuit AKQ109.
        A Competitive double -1 \checkmark 2 \bullet \text{(overcall) } 2 \checkmark \text{ dbl with } 4Q104 \checkmark 5 \bullet 6 4QJ9763.
        A Negative double -1 \triangleq 2 \triangleq \text{(overcall)} dbl with \triangleq 873 \forall \text{KQJ8} \triangleq A873 \triangleq 97.
        My treatment for negative doubles – promise the unbid major and values to compete.
        What is 4♣? 1NT - 2♣ - 2♦ - 4♣ is Gerber.
173
        A safety play – how to play ♠AK873 opposite ♠J7 for four tricks.
        Bidding opener's ♣ suit. A 1♣ opening may be short, but it is unwise to assume that it is.
        Stay low on misfits – don't go slamming with ♠A9853 ♥7 ♦AK9742 ♣7 opposite 1♥.
        Redouble = the balance of power – don't bid unnecessarily if LHO has redoubled you.
        A splinter? – part 1. 1 - 3  is a splinter.
        A splinter? – part 2. 1 \vee - 1NT - 3 \triangleq is a splinter?
        A splinter? – part 3. With ♠KQ10982 ♥- ♦J10752 ♣73 simply bid 4♠ opposite 1♠.
        Gambling 3NT? ♠A9 ♥5 ♦K52 ♣AKQ10942 is too strong in most people's style.
        Worth a reverse? With ♠K4 ♥A7 ♦QJ42 ♣AJ1043 I would open 1NT and not reverse.
        4NT quantitative? 1♦ - 4NT is (RKC)Blackwood unless you have agreed something else.
174
        The devil's Advocate. Chuck says that you don't need Ogust if you are disciplined.
        (Penalty) double with the unexpected, with an ace and J1098 of trumps, double a slam.
        Don't double with flat hands. RHO opens 1♠ and you have ♠J109 ♥A764 ♠KJ2 ♣AJ2.
        A reverse guarantees 4-5 or better shape, even if playing 4-card majors.
        A bit pathetic? ♠9 ♥A3 ♦J762 ♣K98632 is worth 3NT opposite 1NT.
        Like a bull in a china shop? 1 	→ - 2 	★ - 2 	▼ - 6NT, down 1 with 7 	♣ making.
        A 2♣ opener? ♠6 ♥AK87543 ♦AQJ76 ♣- , I prefer 1♥.
175
        The Blackwood bidder is in charge.
        Blackwood (or RKCB) when a minor suit is trumps.
        John Gavens has excelled himself in rudeness and is thrown out for good.
        4 card majors? – with ♠J ♥AQ42 ♦AJ1042 ♣Q64 open 1♦ playing Acol.
        3NT missed. ♠AJ108 ♥Q964 ♦3 ♣10986 is worth an invite (or game) opposite 1NT.
        Mention the minor opposite 1NT? ♠AJ4 ♥543 ♦6 ♣KJ10872
        Mention the minor opposite 1NT? ♠10 ♥AQ1063 ♦5 ♠K109862
        Is 26 points enough for game? – you need more for 5♣/◆
176
        Bidding Sequences – A negative double summary.
        The direct jump to game (4 \checkmark / 4) is weak.
        Another 'Negative Double' penalty missed.
        When you do not re-open with a double playing negative doubles.
        Just pushin' 'em up part 1 - in a competitive auction, 3 of your suit is not a game try.
        Just pushin' 'em up part 2 – when partner balances, he is bidding your hand.
177
        No psyches please. Psyching against lees experienced players is unsportsmanlike.
        12 off the top – ♠AJ8 ♥KJ4 ♦AKJ105 ♣Q9 is worth a 2NT opener.
        Don't deny a 4 card major – with ♠A964 ♥643 ♦AKQ6 ♣Q2 respond 1♠ to 1♥.
        A splinter – generally one above the (natural) forcing bid.
        4<sup>th</sup> suit forcing part 1 – If you have the 4<sup>th</sup> suit, then bid NoTrump.
        4^{th} suit forcing part 2 – If you weak jump shifts then use 4^{th} suit to force to game.
        Would you open? - ♠KQJ32 ♥43 ♠Q75 ♣K94.
178
        No psyches please – you cannot overcall 2♥ over 1♠ with ♠7 ♥K98632 ♦32 ♣Q642
        Zero Tolerance – Bad language and behaviour will not be tolerated at this club.
        A high reverse? – part 1 - 1 \checkmark 1 4 1NT 2 \checkmark 3 4
        A high reverse? – part 2 - 1 \spadesuit p 1NT 2 \checkmark 3 \spadesuit
        A reverse guarantees 5+ in the first suit bid.
        Raising the 4^{th} suit – if it's a major then it's natural.
        A penalty missed again – the sequence 1♥ dbl redbl pass 1NT is nonsense.
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Editorial – check out the guest map on the web site.
       6-2 better than 4-4? – No!
       Balancing – Partner is bidding your hand, so don't raise him.
       Hanging partner – partner is bidding your hand when he balances.
179
       A 4♥ opener, but what if you play Namyats? - ♠- ♥Q10876542 ♦109 ♠AK9
       Negative double – or you're fixed! – 1♥ 2♦? with ♠A532 ♥9 ♦9863 ♣QJ65
       A 2NT opener? – ♠AQ8 ♥AK1032 ♦A102 ♣Q3
       A long pause and pass fixes partner.
       A 3♠ opener? - ♠KQJ10953 ♥Q98 ♦8 ♣K5.
       A 2♥ opener? - ♠Q ♥AQ8743 ♦J65 ♣Q76.
       An easy slam missed by most – ♠AKJ109832 ♥3 ♦9 ♣AK6 is a moose.
       Don't splinter with a singleton ace -1 \checkmark - 1 - 4  is a strong bid.
       Pass out or try for game. After 1♠ - 2♠ ♠KJ985 ♥K4 ♠J ♠KJ1097 is worth 3♣.
       Partscore or slam? – ♠QJ9 ♥- ♦AK9542 ♣AK42 is not a 2♣ opener.
       Too high – open 1NT with ♠K4 ♥Q76 ♦AKJ103 ♣Q54.
       Open 1NT with a 5 card major/ With a weak doubleton? With both?
180
       A grand slam bid missing to aces. A RKCB cock-up?
       Unauthorised information – don't fid an unusual lead when partner has paused.
       More problems - it's usually best to make a bid if you have paused for a while.
       Splinter or reverse? A reverse denies 4 card support for partner's major.
       With a good holding in RHO's suit – pass.
       Open 2NT with a singleton ace? OK, but not with ♠AK ♥KQ964 ♦A ♠KJ976
       2320 is too much. Don't pass after 1♣ dbl redbl pass pass ?
       A perfect 'negative double' penalty pass – pass and await partner's re-opening double
       Support with support. A new suit opposite partner's overcall is not forcing.
181
       Values for 3NT, so bid it? Not if you have a more descriptive bid.
       A grand slam bid missing to aces. A RKCB cock-up?
       A Psyche? p p p 1NT p 2♣ 2♦ with ♠73 ♥1076 ♦QJ1098 ♣1052.
       Can 5NT be a sensible contract? – protect the AQ of LHO's suit.
       How do you reach 4 \triangleq ? 1 \triangleq 1 \triangleleft (LHO) 1 \triangleq (partner) is forcing.
       Don't pre-empt with a 4 card major. 2♦ is bad holding $3 \cdot 10753 \cdot KQ9742 \cdot J3
182
       RHO opens 1♣, so overcall 1♦ or 1NT holding ♠A7 ♥AK10 ♦KQ432 ♣852?
       What do you lead against 3NT from 4952 \vee K109 \cdot 102 AK1075?
       What do you responnd to partner's 1NT holding ♠A109 ♥73 ♦10765 ♣A973?
       Don't bid your hand twice – A Cappelletti 2♠ already shows 5♠'s and 5 of a minor.
       Too high – what do you open with ♠AQ4 ♥KJ4 ♦642 ♣AKJ4?
       Open 1NT or get in a mess – do not reverse with ♠A94 ♥AK52 ♦10985 ♣A4
       Too high – 1♠ - 1NT - 2♠ - 2♥ is a weak sequence and opener should usually pass.
183
       In a mess? ♠108 ♥10985 ♦KQ8 ♠QJ87 is easily enough to respond to 1NT.
       Missing slam. Do not pass after 2 - 2 - 4 holding 4985  01094 
       There's no such thing as a pre-empt over a pre-empt, any jump is strong.
       Deny a 4-card major? Holding ♠J952 ♥Q ♦AKJ103 ♣Q103 respond 2♦ to 1♥.
       Unlucky? With ♠KQ97 sitting over a 2♠ opener it's reasonable to go for the penalty.
       How many points is 2NT. In a sequence like 1 ◆ - 2 ◆ - 2NT, 2NT shows about 18-19.
184
       Weak or strong jump shift? – Strong jump shifts make life easy.
       Redouble is for blood – and a subsequent double is for penalties.
       What does a 2♣ Stayman bid promise?
       A jump in partner's overcalled suit is best played as weak.
       A cuebid of opener's suit shows a sound 3-level raise of partner's overcall.
       Grumpy at it again. Do not criticise partner and opponents, especially if you are wrong.
       Raising opener to 3 of his suit is not forcing – dig up a minor if necessary.
185
       It's not unusual – 2NT is not unusual in the 4th seat (it's natural and strong)
       7 ♥'s and 9 pts so open 3♥? I would open 4♥ with ♠Q ♥AQJ10632 ♦7 ♣8653
       A 2NT overcall over a weak two (or Multi 2♦) is 15-18.
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Slow arrival? After 1 - 2 - 3 then $3 \ge 1$ is strong and $4 \ge 1$ shows a minimal 11 pts.

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The 'automatic' re-opening double when playing negative doubles.
       A negative double by opener? 1♣ p 1♦ 1♠ dbl? does dble here show 4 ♥'s?
       The 2NT rebid shows a big hand - 1 \spadesuit p 1 \spadesuit 2 \clubsuit 2NT is a big hand (not 12-14).
186
       Try for game or bid it? After 1♠ - 2♠, ♠AQJ97 ♥Q ♦AQ764 ♣94 bid 4♠ or a try?
       Is it forcing? 1♠ - 2NT. If you don't play Jacoby or similar, then 2NT is 11-12. nf.
       When responder should bid 2NT – ♠AQ ♥Q1062 ♦J53 ♣Q1086 after RHO overcalls 1♥.
       Does a negative double show the 2 unbid suits? I play that it just shows the unbid major
187
       A 1-level penalty. A favourable vul, go for the penalty rather than 3NT.
       A poor bid that turned out lucky? With Axx over a pre-empt, think 3NT.
       Play Benjamin two's or Multi – a simple slam missed because of a big 3NT bid.
       The Kokish relay - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 = a balanced 25+
       The Gambling 3NT and responses.
       Don't double with a flat hand – with $542 ♥Q1053 ♦KQ5 $AK3 pass if RHO opens 1 ♦.
       When your hand improved – pt 1, \bigstarK1084 \forallK75 \bigstar64 \bigstarAJ87 when RHO bids \bigstar's.
       When your hand improved – pt 2, 49 \text{ } \sqrt{10842} \text{ } 59842 \text{ } 65 when partner opens 1.
       Open 1NT and partner is the captain – do not remove his penalty double.
       The play's the thing – AK9 opposite 10842, play A and then K when all follow.
188
       Editorial: Rudeness will not be tolerated at this club, expect to be expelled.
       Never deny a 4 card major. With $10962 ♥A106 ♦J9 $K1072 respond 1$, not 1NT to 1$
       The Law of total tricks: you can sacrifice above the law, especially at favourable vul.
       Walsh finds the 4-4 fit. 1♣ - 1♦ - 2NT - pass may miss a 4-4 major fit not playing Walsh.
       Applying the Law. With ♠Q98652 ♥- ♦76 ♣K1054 opposite partner's 1♠ overcall.
       Worth a jump invite? ♠A6542 ♥32 ♦A4 ♣AK73, 1♠ - 2♠ - ? Make a noise or pass?
       A dummy reversal. ♠642 ♥Q75 ♦QJ8 ♠K985 opposite ♠- ♥AKJ106 ♦10965 ♣AJ72
       The 4\checkmark/4 rebid is a big hand. 14 - 24 - 44 shows 18+
       When your 1NT opening is interfered with – play Lebensohl.
       Slow arrival: 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2NT - 3 - 4, 4 + is interested in slam.
189
       Editorial: The short • (if mat be 2 cards) needs alerting.
       Why bid past game? – Do not call the director just because the opponents have bid badly.
       Deduct a point for 4333 shape – open 1NT with ♠KJ63 ♥K72 ♦A106 ♣AK4
       Who's the joker – it's Chuck psyching a cue bid.
       Garbage Stayman - 2♣ opposite 1NT with ♠J762 ♥KJ102 ♦873 ♣Q9 is simply gambling.
       Psyching at our club – it is not allowed, including psychic cue bids or controls.
       Never deny a 4 card major – with $8532 ♥A103 A87 QJ6 respond 1 (not 2NT) to 1.
       It's not forcing: 1♣ - 1♥ - 1NT - 3♥ is not forcing in Standard American (it is in Acol).
       It's not forcing: 1♥ - 1♠ - 3♥ is not forcing in either system.
       Balancing – after pass, pass, pass, 1♣, pass, 1♥, pass, pass – then bid!
190
       Don't bid Blackwood with a void – splinter or Exclusion RKCB.
       2/1 makes slam bidding a cinch -1 \checkmark -2 \checkmark -2 \checkmark -3 \checkmark is looking for slam.
       A jump raise promises 4 card support -1 - 3 - 3  should show 4 - 3 .
       Namyats does not leave partner guessing – open 4♦ with ♠KQJ10973 ♥- ◆Q109 ♣AK8
       Double is playable in the unbid suits – both if opponents have bid two suits.
       Don't ask unless you need to know – leave questions to the end of the auction.
       An 'impossible' response? You hold ♠AQ2 ♥Q94 ♦92 ♣AKQ94 and partner opens 1♣.
       Splinter – with ♠6 ♥Q1062 ♦K96 ♣AK1074 bid 3♠ when partner opens 1♥.
       Who underbid? 1 - 1 - 1  is not forcing, so jump with 20 points.
       Worth a raise to 3♥? Vulnerable, raise 1♥ to 2♥ with ♠964 ♥Q9854 ♦KQ3 ♣43.
       Do not open 1NT with a singleton – even a singleton ace. It is not allowed.
       What is 4♣ after a transfer. It's ace ask but is a cue bid if partner super-accepts.
191
       Take-out double with 5 points? – maybe when balancing!
       Negative double to show the other major – or you'll have problems later.
       A 5-3 fit \checkmark/\triangle is not always better than 3NT – especially with 28-30 combined points.
       Don't pull partner's run out – when being doubled, don't bid a new suit at the 3 level.
       You don't miss the penalty when playing negative doubles.
192
       KJxxxx is not 4 points when partner bids the suit!
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A mini splinter $-1 \checkmark -3 \checkmark$ is a mini splinter if you play them. A weak jump shift $-1 - 2 \triangleq$ is a weak jump shift if you agree to play them. Passed out – ♠AQ108 ♥Q7653 ♦J53 ♣Q is a clear opener. The most abused convention out there – Unusual NoTrump/Michaels. Intermediated count – K432 is 3 points, K1098 is 4+ points, especially in No Trumps. A comedy of errors – a new (minor) suit at the 4 level is forcing! An 'impossible' bid – after 1♣ dbl redbl 1♦ then a 1NT bid by you is nonsense. Pass! The three level is too high - 1♣ dbl 3♣ then don't dbl (Responsive) with a flat 9 points. Don't open a vulnerable 4♥ in 1st seat with ♥J1086543 unless you play Namyats. It's not forcing -1 - 2 - 3 - 3 = 3 is not forcing, it shows 11-12 points and 3 = 3. Slam missing two aces – don't mix up Normal and Roman Keycard Blackwood. Go for the penalty? – partner opens 1♥, RHo bids 1♠, you have ♠KJ42 ♥6 ♦A87 ♠KJ982 Muiderberg – A weak 2♥/♠ opening showing 5 of the major bid and a 4+ card minor. With ♠A10 ♥J8532 ♦K87 ♣752 transfer and pass opposite partner's 1NT opening. Don't pass partner's take-out double of a pre-empt just because you have no points. A two-level bid after RHO has doubled is weak. Rudeness and bad behaviour at our club will not be tolerated – 4 players are now warned. Don't make gestures or talk during the auction/play. When RHO doubles – a summary of the options for declarer. How to find a specific king using Roman Keycard Blackwood. A Lay-down 7NT? – a set play problem. Defence to weak twos – parts 1,2,3 Go for the vulnerable penalty $-2 \stackrel{\blacktriangle}{\bullet} 2 \stackrel{\blacktriangle}{\bullet}$ dbl is penalties, so pass with a flat $2 \stackrel{\blacktriangle}{\bullet}$ opener. Not suitable for 1NT – ♠A10754 ♥A2 ♦AK102 ♣K10 is far too good for 1NT. Suitable for 1NT? – ♠K5 ♥KJ1052 ♦KJ52 ♠K10 – I opened a strong 1NT. Restricted choice – a complex subject but there are a couple of simple 'rules' 8 ever, 9 never – but not when restricted Choice applies. An interesting mis-fit - a bid in the 'sandwich seat' is a very good long suit. What's a jump to 2NT after partner has passed? – 1♣ pass pass 1♣ 2NT? Super accept! When you open 2NT and partner transfers into your 4 card major. No Trump promises a stop after 4th suit forcing An overbid – with \$95 \ A832 \ Q2 \ KJ1085 bid 3 \ opposite a 1 \ opening. An underbid – with $\Delta J8 \vee Q53 \wedge KQJ53 \Delta K93$, 2NT is not enough after $1\Delta - 1 \wedge - 1 \vee$. The Unassuming Cue bid – 4 examples in one week! Hanging partner – Don't jump to 3NT with a flat 13 when partner balances with dbl. The jump to 3NT when partner reverses – shows about 8-11 points. Double followed by a raise shows a good hand. Forced to pass after partner's hesitation? No! You simply need a clear bid. Behavior at our club – Chuck is finally chucked out for good. Negative Doubles part 1 - 1 - 2(overcall) 2 promises 10+ points. Negative Doubles part 2 - 1 - 2(overcall) pass pass 2 is long 's and weak. Some people play that a 2♣ opening is either the traditional strong hand or a weak 2♦. Lead partner's suit against No trump – especially if he has bid it twice and doubled! Raising a 1NT response to 2NT shows about 17 points. Raising a 1NT rebid (12-14) to 2NT shows about 11-12 points even in competition. That abused Michaels again - ♠Q1086 ♥AK643 ♦63 ♣AJ don't bid 2♣ over 1♣. Double and bid shows a big hand Do not bid when partner redoubles – partner is often looking for a penalty. Do not double (take-out) with unsuitable hands. Change of suit over partner's overcall is non-forcing. Overcall with a 2-suiter? – only double with a strong hand.

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

Don't be bullied into bidding 2NT but prefer to defend.

"The definitive guide to (strong) **No Trump Bidding, Stayman and Transfers**" is published Sacrifice in No Trumps? – it's possible if you have a long suit.

Don't double to show an opening hand, and a double of 2♠ usually shows 4♥'s.

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You hold ♠AQ94 ♥AQ83 ♦J832 ♣10 opposite a 1NT opener – splinter!
             The sequence 1NT - 2♥ - dbl is penalties and it's best to play Lebensohl.
             Summary after partner's 1NT opening is overcalled.
             Pass partner's weak jump shift unless you have good support for his suit.
             After 1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}
             Do not bid Blackwood with a void – Use Josaphine GSF if only top trumps are missing.
             A double of Stayman means ♣'s.
201
             Don't double with length in the suit opened.
             What do you bid with \blacktriangle62 \checkmark 9 \checkmark 1072 \clubsuit KJ98742 opposite a 1NT opener?
             Over a 2♠ opener, consider 3NT rather than double if you have a ♠ stop.
             What do you bid with 410 \checkmark 76 \checkmark AJ1075 \checkmark K10532 opposite a 1NT opener?
202
             The Unassuming Cue Bid keeps you low opposite a weakfish overcall.
             A two-level overcall promises opening values.
             Pre-empt to the limit at once – three separate articles from one week!
             What is a 2\checkmark/4 opening in 4^{th} seat?
             A note on 1430 - it is only applicable to the response to 4NT and not to the king ask.
             Don't bid your hand twice – a double of 1NT already shows 15-18 points.
             A bid when RHO overcalls 1NT is weak (double with a good hand).
             Open 1NT with a balanced 15-17 - ♠AJ8 ♥Q876 ♠AQ86 ♣QJ.
             Balancing. If partner passes an opening bid from LHO he may have 14 or so points.
203
             It's simply bad manners – continually arrive late and you won't get a game.
             That 4333 type shape again – part 1. ♠K74 ♥A85 ♦AJ76 ♣QJ3 is not worth a strong 1NT.
             That 4333 type shape again – part 2. ♠KJ64 ♥QJ10 ♦A85 ♣742 is not worth a 4th seat opener.
             Worth a limit raise or game? ♠AJ10 ♥1075 ♦AK852 ♣106 opposite a 1♥ opening.
             Don't bid again having pre-empted ♠J10 ♥KQ9543 ♦10876 ♣K is a 2♥ opener, that's all.
             What to do opposite a weak 2♠? Is ♠106 ♥AOJ7 ♦AO97 ♣O42 worth an effort?
             What to do opposite a weak 3♥? Is ♠A104 ♥2 ♦KQJ32 ♠KJ63 worth 3NT or 4♥?
             Bid both suits when 5-4. ♠AK987 ♥J ♦8762 ♣A85 – open 1♠ and rebid 2♦ over 1NT.
             Don't bid you hand 3 times. ♠A8 ♥AKJ1097 ♦KQ3 ♣A8 2♣ - 2♦ - 2♥ - 2♠ - 3♥ - 3♠ bid 4♠.
 204
             It's rarely correct to transfer to a minor – with ♠AJ7 ♥K92 ♦3 ♣Q107652 raise 1NT to 3NT
             Raising partner directly to game is weak. 1♦ dbl 5♦ is a pre-emptive raise.
             Play in a Moysian fit? After 1♣ - 1♦ - 1♥ bid 2♥ with ♠86 ♥A98 ♦Q532 ♣A1054
             3♦ on a 3-1 fit. If you really want to play Bergen raises, then remember them.
             A jump raise is pre-emptive after a double.
             A take-out double is short in the suits bid – with length/strength in their suits bid NoTrump
             Don't double at the 3♠ level without shape - ♠K7 ♥A86 ♦A8542 ♣AJ6 is not good enough.
             Look for the 4-4 fit. With ♠J9 ♥K852 ♦J982 ♣642 opposite 2NT bid 3♣ Stayman.
205
             I have finally decided to get a mobile phone - 0867445386.
             Raising partner's 1NT response to 2NT - ♠AOJ64 ♥106 ♠AJ3 ♣OJ5 is not enough.
             Confused by "The Law". Raising 1♠ to 3♠ is 11-12 points, not pre-emptive.
             You need shape to overcall a string NT. Not ♠QJ932 ♥AJ9 ♦J2 ♣Q73 when vulnerable.
             It's often good to pre-empt 3♣/♦ with a good 6-card suit - ♠QJ4 ♥J ♦1092 ♣AQJ874.
             The Championship Races. Provisional positions have been calculated.
             You need 12+ points (or shape) to raise partner's 1 \checkmark / 4 to game.
             A strong Michaels Cue Bid – with ♠AQJ876 ♥KQJ865 ♦- ♣A3 bid 2♣ over RHO's 1♣.
             A double fit is good – try Stayman Super Accepts.
206
             Obey the Law. With ♠Q1082 ♥842 ♦A1062 ♣A75 compete to 3♠ opposite a 1♠ overcall.
             Upgrade hands with good suits. ♠A3 ♥K6 ♦J874 ♣AKQ109 is too good for 1NT.
             Support partner. With ♠3 ♥K94 ♦AQ1095 ♠KJ43 raise partner's ♥ response.
             Don't double ♠'s holding 5+ ♥'s – with ♠- ♥AKQJ1075 ♦KQ83 ♣A3 overcall 4♥ over 3♠.
             Be wary when the opponents play negative doubles – you may get clobbered one higher.
             The take-out double – do not double 1♦ holding ♠9543 ♥Q42 ♦AKQ97 ♣K.
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Hand Evaluation part 1 – Beware of quacks and a poor trump suit.

The play's the thing -3 examples of basic play technique.

Hand Evaluation part 2 - ♠K5 ♥7432 ♦A52 ♣J854 is not worth a noise opposite 1NT.

A new suit opposite partner's pre-empt is forcing. An unnecessary jump is a splinter. $1 \checkmark - 2 - 3$ is a splinter agreeing $^{\bullet}$'s. Don't lead what declarer leads, even if it was partner's initial lead. Open a hand with a 6-card major. ♠QJ10642 ♥- ♦KQ107 ♣982 is a 2♠ opener. A raise by opener only guarantees 3 cards. 1♣ - 1♥ - 2♥ may be 3 card support. Don't automatically "cover an honour with an honour". 207 How to play in a 4-1 fit missing KQJxxx. Keep quiet with an 18 count? 1♦ pass 2♦ 2♠ dbl shows a good hand with 4 good ♠'s. Finding a 4-4 ♠ fit after partner's 1NT opening as been overcalled wit 2♥. – Lebensohl. 208 Don't double when you can overcall. Over 1♥ bid 2♦ with ♠KQ♥108♦AKJ1042♣QJ5 Don't double when you can overcall. Over 1♥ bid 2♣ with ♣J73♥Q107♦1032♣AKQ65 A simple play problem. Open 1NT with a balanced 15-17, ♠AJ72 ♥932 ♦KQ6 ♣AQ6 Giving count (2 examples), especially with a long suit in dummy. Redouble! Pard opens 1♣, RHO doubles, redouble with ♠A1096 ♥A98 ♦K7543 ♣10 4NT having bid 4♣ Gerber is to play. Don't pass when 5-6 in the majors. 1♦ p 2NT bid 3♦ with ♠K10643 ♥986542 ♦4 ♣7 Minor suit slams (1). You hold ♠AJ109♥K84♦KQJ2♣Q2 and partner opens 1NT. Minor suit slams (2). 2/1 really makes life easy. Too strong for a pre-empt. Open 1♣ with ♠A ♥K6 ♠A76 ♣J1087543. 209 If RHO opens and LHO bids 1NT over your 1♠ overcall, don't come in later with 3♠. Strange results: eight articles on silly contracts at just one table. Negative doubles and the 'automatic' re-opening double -3 articles. 210 You can underlead an ace against 3NT. Transfer and then bid another suit – ♠QJ1062 ♥A7 ♦Q854 ♣98 opposite 1NT. Systems on / systems off. When a 1NT opening or overcall is interfered with. Alert conventional bids. Multi Landy, Cappelletti etc. need alerting. 211 Bid that 7 card major – ♠AQJ10865 ♥53 ♦J7 ♣84 is far too good to pass as dealer. A great 18 opposite a 1NT response is worth game – ♠A86543 ♥A10 ♦K86 ♣AK Don't bid again having pre-empted – ♠J75 ♥KQ9864 ♦AJ4 ♣2 is too strong for 2♥. When your hand improves – don't open 2♠ with ♠QJ7654 ♥63 ♦- ♣QJ1074. Another slam, 3 more slam deals. Play Multi Landy. 2♦ Cappelletti with 5-4 in the majors sucks when pard is 2-2 or 3-3. 4♣ after a transfer (1NT - 2♦ - 2♥ - 4♣) asks for keycards. Agree DOPI after Blackwood is interfered with. 212 A good hand for 2/1 – playing constructive raises keeps you low with a poor dummy. Big balanced hands – A comparison between Benjamin and Multi 2♦ with 25+. A basic end-play. Missing the 4-4 major suit fit. Four (!) examples from one day's play. Giving a lesson during the play – and then going down in a cold contract! Double having overcalled with 1NT is penalties. Responding to take-out doubles – a non-jump is 0-8 With ♠A108 ♥AKQJ10653 ♦83 ♣- open 4♥ (or 4♣ playing Namyats) With ♠AK7 ♥J1098 ♦J1063 ♣AQ overcall 1NT rather than double over RHO's 3♠. With ♠AKJ ♥Q8 ♦KJ6 ♣AKJ86 open 2♣ rather than 2NT. That ♣ suit is great. A new suit opposite a pre-empt is forcing. RONF (raise only non-forcing). 213 A double of 1NT is for penalties Balancing with 1NT. – a scheme for No Trump bids in the balancing seat. Be wary of raising a minor past 3NT. 1♦ - 1♥ - 3♣, 3♣ may be 'dug up'. 5-6 in the majors is a great hand. Don't defend 3NT with ♠KQJ106 ♥QJ7542 ♦- ♣74 3NT or bid the ♠'s? When there's no room bid 3NT with a stop in opponent's suit.

That dreaded 4333 type shape yet again.

An awkward overcall? RHO opens 1♥ and you have ♠A6542 ♥A1054 ♠A ♣AK7

Protect that Kx − bid the opponent's suit to ask for a stop.

The problem with Jacoby 2NT − Jacoby 2NT as 12+ and unlimited is unsatisfactory.

A 3-level weak jump overcall has to be a good suit if vulnerable.

Bid 3NT or look for a 4-4 major fit?

The help-suit game try can also be a slam try.

Be wary of a vulnerable pre-empt over a strong NoTrump.

215 Moving yet again? We will be moving as soon as we find a suitable venue.

The Unassuming Cue bid – two examples

1NT in the Sandwich seat – don't play it as 15-18 balanced.

The Gambling 3NT scores a top - ♠8 ♥Q108 ♦AKQ10832 ♣J9

3NT missed – 1 - ♠9 ♥A43 ♦AKQ864 ♣AJ10 is too good for 2NT after 1♦ - 1♠

Respond 3 with a 3 card suit? If you don't play Jacoby 2NT you may have to.

3NT missed -2 – convert partner's double of $3 \spadesuit$ or bid 3NT?

A comfortable slam – ♠AKQ104 ♥A2 ♦KJ754 ♣K is too good for 3NT after 1♠ - 2♦

The Unassuming Cue yet again

Bid 3NT or double with a 4-card major over their pre-empt?

The hold-up. Sometimes you have to disregard the rule of 7 and hold up twice.

If you show both majors over opponent's strong NT and bid again it's a huge hand.

Balancing – a double in the pass out seat may be as few as 8 points.

A good or bad 4♠ opening? - ♠102 ♥K652 ♦AQ83 ♣A52 is not enough for slam.

How do you play your negative doubles? – does 1♥ 2♦ dbl show both majors or just ♠'s?

217 It's rarely correct to raise partner's minor past 3NT

3NT or $4\checkmark/4$ with a 5-3 fit – two articles

Overcall 1NT over 1♠ with two Kx's - ♠K2 ♥KJ ♦A10843 ♣AK96 or bid 2♦?

Too good for 4♠. ♠AJ1098543 ♥K3 ♦A ♣73 is too good unless you play 4♦ Namyats.

When your Stayman 2♣ bid gets doubled.